# **Digital Applications (CETT 1415)**

**Credit:** 4 semester credit hours (3 hours lecture, 4 hours lab)

Prerequisite: CETT 1403 & CETT 1405

# **Course Description**

This course covers digital techniques and numbering systems, digital logic circuits, digital integrated circuits, decoders, encoders, multiplexers, demultiplexers.

# **Required Textbook and Materials**

- 1. Digital Electronics 9th Edition by William Kleitz, Pearson/Prentice Hall
  - a. ISBN number is 13:978-0-13-2543033
- 2. Flash Drive 1GB Minimum
- 3. Notebook.

# **Course Objectives**

Upon completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate a working knowledge of digital quantities with emphasis on combinational and sequential design
- 2. Construct and troubleshoot combination and sequential circuits
- 3. Use Boolean algebra to describe the logic of a combinational designed circuit
- 4. Describe De Morgans Laws and apply them to a logic circuit

## **Course Outline**

- A. Number Systems and Codes
  - 1. Digital versus Analog
  - 2. Digital Representations of Analog Quantities
  - 3. Decimal Numbering System (Base 10)
  - 4. Binary Numbering System (Base 2)
  - 5. Decimal-to-Binary Conversion
  - 6. Octal Numbering System (Base 8)
  - 7. Octal Conversions
  - 8. Hexadecimal Numbering Systems (Base 16)
  - 9. Hexadecimal Conversions
  - 10. Binary-Coded-Decimal System
  - 11. Comparison of Numbering Systems
  - 12. The ASCII Code
- B. Digital Electronic Signals and Switches
  - 1. Digital Signals
  - 2. Clock Waveform Timing
  - 3. Serial Representation
  - 4. Parallel Representation

- 5. Switches in Electronic Circuits
- 6. A Relay as a Switch
- C. Basic Logic Gates
  - 1. The AND Gate
  - 2. The OR Gate
  - 3. Timing Analysis
  - 4. Enable and Disable Functions
  - 5. Using IC Logic Gates
  - 6. Introduction to Troubleshooting Techniques
  - 7. The Inverter
  - 8. The NAND Gate
  - 9. The NOR Gate
  - 10. Logic Gate Waveform Generation
  - 11. Using IC Logic Gates
- D. Boolean Algebra and Reduction Techniques
  - 1. Combinational Logic
  - 2. Boolean Algebra and Rules



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## Course Syllabus

- 3. Simplification of Combinational Logic Circuits Using Boolean Algebra
- 4. De Morgan's Theorem
- 5. The Universal Capability of NAND and NOR Gates
- 6. Karnaugh Mapping
- 7. System Design Applications
- E. Exclusive-OR and Exclusive-NOR Gates
  - 1. The Exclusive-OR Gate
  - 2. The Exclusive-NOR Gate
  - 3. Parity Generator/Checker
  - 4. System Design Applications
- F. Arithmetic Operations and Circuits

- 1. Binary Arithmetic
- 2. Two's-Compliment Representation
- 3. Two'-Compliment Arithmetic
- 4. BCD Arithmetic
- 5. Arithmetic Circuits
- 6. Four-Bit-Full Adder ICs
- 7. System Design Applications
- G. Code Converters, Multiplexers, and Demultiplexers
  - 1. Comparators
  - 2. Decoding
  - 3. Encoding
  - 4. Code Converters
  - 5. Multiplexers
  - 6. Demultiplexers

## **Grade Scale**

90 - 100	A
80 - 89	В
70 - 79	C
60 - 69	D
0 - 59	F

# **Course Requirements**

- 1. Contrast analog and digital devices and techniques.
- 2. List devices that use digital techniques.
- 3. Describe the advantages of using digital techniques.
- 4. Discuss the characteristics and uses of binary, BCD, Gray, and ASCII codes.
- 5. Code into ASCII, or decode from ASCII, any sequence of characters from ASCII.
- 6. Describe the differences between using the electromechanical devices and transistors for data representation.
- 7. Explain the circumstances where data would be transmitted serially.
- 8. Draw the waveform of a specific serial word.
- 9. Explain the circumstances where data would be transmitted parallel.
- 10. Draw a switch register, a relay register, and a transistor register containing a specific parallel word, then connect it to a data bus.
- 11. Describe and illustrate positive logic.
- 12. Describe and illustrate negative logic.
- 13. Identify and count in each of the four number systems (binary, octal, decimal, hexadecimal).
- 14. Find the compliment of any number (in binary, octal, and hexadecimal).
- 15. Change any positive number to its equivalent negative number.
- 16. Change any negative number to its equivalent positive number.
- 17. Add and subtract in each number system (correctly showing the carry/borrow).
- 18. Explain the weights of each position in each number system.

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- 19. List any number in BCD.
- 20. Add and subtract BCD numbers.
- 21. Identify and draw the standard symbols for inverters, AND, OR, NAND, and NOR gates.
- 22. List the truth tables for each logic function and/or give the logic function for each truth table.
- 23. Write or identify the Boolean equation for each logic function.
- 24. List the unique inputs and unique outputs for each gate.
- 25. Determine the input conditions to a simple gate combination circuit that would produce the unique output.
- 26. Select inverters for inputs and/or outputs to make any gate perform the function of any other gate.
- 27. Identify the level of the input that would inhibit each gate, then determine what the output would be.
- 28. Identify the level of the input that would enable each gate, then determine what the output would be.
- 29. Write boolean equations for gates and given combinations of gates.
- 30. Draw gate diagrams for simple and given complex boolean equations.
- 31. List the truth tables for each gate or given combination of gates.
- 32. Draw the gate diagrams for given truth tables.
- 33. Write the boolean equation for given truth tables.
- 34. List the truth tables for given boolean equations.
- 35. Use the boolean rules and DeMorgan's theorem to simplify given complex boolean equations.
- 36. Use the boolean rules and DeMorgans's theorem to simplify given complex logic circuits.
- 37. Simplify given complex logic circuits using Karnaugh maps.
- 38. Draw the logic diagram with pinouts for the 7486 and the 4070. Then write the X-OR truth table and boolean equation.
- 39. Draw the diagram of a four-bit parity generator/checker. (odd and even)
- 40. Draw the block diagram of a serial data communication system showing how parity generators and parity checkers operate within the system.
- 41. Explain the operation of binary to Gray and Gray to binary code converters.
- 42. Draw the diagram of and explain the operation of a four-bit comparator circuit.
- 43. Explain the operation of the 7485 four-bit magnitude comparator.
- 44. Draw the block diagram of half adder and full adder, labeling inputs and outputs, with the truth table.
- 45. Draw the block diagram of and explain an eight-bit serial adder.
- 46. Explain the operation of a four-bit serial adder.
- 47. Draw the block diagram of and explain an eight-bit parallel adder.
- 48. List example problems that can be used to verify the operation of a 7483 four-bit adder/subtracter Include positive inputs with and without a carry in, and with and without a carry out.
- 49. Draw a circuit diagram of a four-bit adder/subtracter which can be built in the Lab (use the 7486 as a controlled inverter, the 7483, and necessary circuitry).

- 50. Draw a 7447 BCD to 7-segment display decoder/driver properly connected to a common anode display.
- 51. Recall material on decoders in the text.
- 52. Draw decoding circuits that will decode specific hex numbers on a four-bit data bus, an eight-bit data bus, and a sixteen-bit data bus.
- 53. Draw a BCD decoder circuit containing a 7442 and predict the output under all input conditions. Then use 2-7442s to decode a four-bit hexadecimal number.
- 54. Draw a decoder circuit containing a 3-line to 8-line 74138 decoder and predict the output under all input conditions.
- 55. Draw a basic encoder circuit, using SSI gates, that will encode a three-bit bus (or a four-bit bus) when one of eight (or one of sixteen) inputs is made active.
- 56. Draw a 74148 8-line to 3-line priority encoder circuit and predict the output under all input conditions.
- 57. Draw a 74147 10-line to 4-line priority encoder circuit and predict the output under all input conditions.
- 58. Recall the material on multiplexers and demultiplexers in the text.
- 59. Locate the data on the multiplexers and demultiplexers contained in the required reference book.
- 60. Identify the characteristics, pin numbers, designations, and function tables of the multiplexers in the required reference book.
- 61. Draw a simple multiplexer circuit and explain its operation.
- 62. Draw a simple demultiplexer circuit and explain its operation.
- 63. Draw a circuit using a multiplexer circuit that will convert an eight-bit parallel word to an eight-bit serial word (LSB first).
- 64. Draw a circuit using a multiplexer that will generate a specified serial binary word.

### **Disabilities Statement**

The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1992 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 are federal anti-discrimination statutes that provide comprehensive civil rights for persons with disabilities. Among other things, these statutes require that all students with documented disabilities be guaranteed a learning environment that provides for reasonable accommodations for their disabilities. If you believe you have a disability requiring an accommodation, please contact the Special Populations Coordinator at (409) 880-1737 or visit the online resource:

http://www.lit.edu/depts/stuserv/special/defaults.aspx

## **Student Code of Conduct Statement**

It is the responsibility of all registered Lamar Institute of Technology students to access, read, understand and abide by all published policies, regulations, and procedures listed in the *LIT Catalog and Student Handbook*. The *LIT Catalog and Student Handbook* may be accessed at <a href="www.lit.edu">www.lit.edu</a> or obtained in print upon request at the Student Services Office.

# **Course Schedule**

Week	Topic	Reference
1/2	Course introduction and policies	Handouts
	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> </ul>	
	• Lab: Multisim	
3/4	Number Systems and Codes/Digital	Chapters 1/2
	Electronic Signals and Switches	
	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Lab: Multisim</li> </ul>	
	• Test One	
4/5/6	Basic Logic Gates	Chapter 3
	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Lab: Experiments</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Project: As Assigned</li> </ul>	
7	Boolean Algebra and Reduction Techniques	Chapter 5
	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Lab: Chapter Exercises</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Project: As Assigned</li> </ul>	
	• Test Two	
8/9	Exclusive-OR and Exclusive-NOR Gates	Chapter 6
	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Lab: Experiments</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Project: As Assigned</li> </ul>	
10/11/12	Arithmetic Operations and Circuits	Chapter 7
	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Lab: Experiments</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Project: As Assigned</li> </ul>	
	• Test Three	
13/14/15	Code Converters, Multiplexers, and	Chapter 8
	Demultiplexers	
	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Lab: Experiments</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Project: As Assigned</li> </ul>	
16	Final Project	
	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Project: As Assigned</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Test Four</li> </ul>	