

## HEALTH CARE CONCEPTS II (RNSG 1433)

## **CREDIT**

4 Semester Credit Hours (3 hours lecture, 3 hours lab, 1:2 ratio) 96 Contact Hours

## **MODE OF INSTRUCTION**

Face to Face (web assisted)

## PREREQUISITE/CO-REQUISITE:

Prerequisite: RNSG 1330

Co-Requisite requirements: RNSG 1126

Companion: RNSG 2361

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION**

In-depth coverage of health care concepts with application through selected exemplars. Concepts include acid-base balance, coping, clotting, cognition, fluid and electrolytes, gas exchange, immunity, metabolism, nutrition, comfort, and perfusion. Provides continuing opportunities for development of clinical judgment skills. This course lends itself to a concept-based approach.

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES/ COURSE MEASURABLE STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES**

	n completion of this course, the student be able to	Companion Course Outcome (RNSG 2361)	End of Program Student Learning Outcome (EOP SLO)	Differentiated Essential Competencies (DEC)
1.	*Utilize a systematic process to analyze selected foundational concepts for patients across the lifespan;	1	1,5	<b>PCC</b> A1a,b, B1, B4
2.	*Describe nursing management of care for selected foundational concepts;	6	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8	PCC H1, H5 MHCT D1a,b, D2, D3, F1

3.	*Relate the learned concepts to other concepts or exemplars;	5	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8	PCC A1a,b, A2a,b,c, A3, A4, B7, B9
4.	*Describe the interrelatedness among foundational concepts to assist in developing clinical judgment.	4	2,3,6,7,8	PCC 1
5.	Interpret the role of the professional nurse within the nurse's legal scope of practice and in accordance with policies in the practice setting.	3	1	MOP A1a,b,c, A2, A3, A4 PSA A4
6.	Use evidence-based clinical reasoning and judgments for optimal patient outcomes.	4	2	PCC E13
7.	Interpret evidence-based practice outcomes as a basis for decision-making for diverse patients and groups across the lifespan	5	3	<b>PCC</b> B2, B3
8.	Organize compassionate, theory-based, individualized, culturally sensitive and patient-centered care including therapeutic communication for diverse patients across the lifespan.	6	4	PCC A1a,b, A2a,b,c, A3, B4, B5, C1a,
9.	Interpret patient goals, assignments, delegation tasks, and mandatory reporting based on knowledge of the Texas Nursing Practice Act and best safety practices which reduce risk.	7	5	MOP A1a, B2a PCC D1e PSA B5, E1a,b,c, E2, F1a,b,c, F2 MHCT E1, E2a,b,c,d
10.	Interpret teamwork and collaboration strategies in the role of healthcare advocate for diverse patients and groups across the lifespan.	8	6	MHCT B1a,b, B2a,b, B3a, b, B4, E2a,
11.	Interpret interprofessional care and teamwork strategies including professional communication during global health emergencies, pandemics, and other situations to promote health, patient safety, equity, and inclusion.	9	7	<b>PSA</b> C1a,b <b>MHCT</b> G1, G2a,b, G3, G4

12.	Sketch goals and strategies for diverse	10	8	PCC E1a,b,
	patients/families across the lifespan and			E4a,b, E5, E12
	in various settings, for health			
	promotion, disease prevention,			
	rehabilitation, health maintenance, and			
	the restoration of health.			

Note: \* indicates WECM End-of-Course Outcome.

#### INSTRUCTOR CONTACT INFORMATION

Instructor: Nicole Schroeder, RN, MSN

Email: nschroeder@lit.edu
Office Phone: (409) 247-4882
Office Location: WAHTC 338

Office Hours: Thursdays 9:00 – 12:00 & 1:00 – 3:00

#### **REQUIRED TEXTBOOK AND MATERIALS**

- Harding, M. M., Kwong, J., & Hagler, D. (2023). *Lewis's Medical-Surgical Nursing: Assessment and Management of Clinical Problems* (12th ed.). Elsevier Health Sciences (US).
- Lilley, L., Collins, S. R. & Snyder, J. (2023) *Pharmacology and the Nursing Process* (10th ed.). Elsevier Health Sciences (US).
- Rogers, J. (2023). McCance & Huether's Pathophysiology (9th ed.). Elsevier Health Sciences (US).
- Texas Board of Nursing (2021). Texas Board of Nursing: Nurse Practice Act. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.bon.texas.gov/pdfs/law rules pdfs/nursing practice act pdfs/NPA2021.pdf">https://www.bon.texas.gov/pdfs/law rules pdfs/nursing practice act pdfs/NPA2021.pdf</a>.
- Sherpath for Harding, M. M., Kwong, J., & Hagler, D. (2023). *Lewis's Medical-Surgical Nursing:* Assessment and Management of Clinical Problems (12th ed.). Elsevier Health Sciences (US).
- Sherpath for Lilley, L., Collins, S. R. & Snyder, J. (2023) *Pharmacology and the Nursing Process* (10th ed.). Elsevier Health Sciences (US).
- Sherpath for Rogers, J. (2023). McCance & Huether's Pathophysiology (9th ed.). Elsevier Health Sciences (US).
- Sherpath for Yoost, B.L. & Crawford, L.R. (2020). Fundamentals of Nursing: Active Learning for Collaborative Practice. Elsevier.
- Yoost, B.L. & Crawford, L.R. (2020). Fundamentals of Nursing: Active Learning for Collaborative *Practice*. Elsevier.

#### ATTENDANCE POLICY

Students are expected to attend all classroom, laboratory, and clinical experiences. Therefore, absences should not be scheduled. If a student experiences an unplanned absence (illness or emergency), the student must contact the course faculty member by email or the administrative associate for the nursing program prior to the scheduled class, laboratory, or clinical time and provide documentation of the absence. Failure to notify faculty and/or provide adequate documentation of the absence may result in an unexcused absence and initiation of the disciplinary process.

#### **DROP POLICY**

If you wish to drop a course, you are responsible for initiating and completing the drop process. If you stop coming to class and fail to drop the course, you will earn an "F" in the course.

#### OUTLINE

- I. Nursing Management of Care: Immunity
  - A. Exemplars
    - 1. Vaccines
    - 2. Otitis Media
    - 3. Urinary Tract Infection (Urosepsis only)
    - 4. Cellulitis
    - 5. Pneumonia
    - 6. Appendicitis
    - 7. Trauma-Sprain
    - 8. Osteomyelitis
  - B. Interrelatedness among foundational concepts
  - C. Role of the Professional Nurse
    - 1. Legal & ethical
    - 2. Policies in the practice setting
  - D. Evidence-based
    - 1. Clinical reasoning & judgments
    - 2. Outcomes as a basis for decision making
  - E. Nursing Care
    - 1. Compassionate
    - 2. Theory-based
    - 3. Individualized
    - 4. Culturally sensitive
    - 5. Patient-centered care
    - 6. Therapeutic communication
  - F. Texas Nursing Practice Act and Best Safety Practices to reduce risk
    - 1. Patient goals
      - a. Health promotion
      - b. Disease prevention
      - c. Rehabilitation
      - d. Health maintenance

- e. Restoration of health.
- 2. Assignments
- 3. Delegation tasks
- 4. Mandatory reporting
- G. Teamwork & Collaboration
  - 1. Interprofessional Care
  - 2. Role as healthcare advocate
  - 3. Professional Communication
  - 4. Promotion of diversity, equity, & inclusion

## II. Nursing Management of Care: Fluid & Electrolytes

- A. Exemplars
  - 1. Dehydration- Gastroenteritis Elderly and Pediatrics
  - 2. Extracellular Fluid Volume Excess
  - 3. Hypocalcemia
  - 4. Hypercalcemia
  - 5. Hypokalemia
  - 6. Hyperkalemia-Chronic Renal Failure
  - 7. Hyponatremia- Syndrome of Inappropriate Antidiuretic Hormone (SIADH)
  - 8. Hypernatremia Diabetes Insipidus (DI)
  - 9. Hypophosphatemia
  - 10. Hyperphosphatemia
  - 11. Hypomagnesemia
  - 12. Hypermagnesemia
- B. Interrelatedness among foundational concepts
- C. Role of the Professional Nurse
  - 1. Legal & ethical
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- D. Evidence-based
  - 1. Clinical reasoning & judgments
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## III. Nursing Management of Care: Acid Base Balance

- A. Exemplars
  - 1. Diabetic Ketoacidosis (DKA)
  - 2. Hyperventilation (Birthing Mother, Panic Attack)
  - 3. Gastrointestinal Losses (pediatric)
  - 4. Drug Overdose with Hyperventilation
- B. Interrelatedness among foundational concepts
- C. Role of the Professional Nurse
  - 1. Legal & ethical
  - 2. Policies in the practice setting
- D. Evidence-based
  - 1. Clinical reasoning & judgments
  - 2. Outcomes as a basis for decision making
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## IV. Nursing Management of Care: Metabolism

- A. Exemplars
  - 1. Diabetes Type 1
  - 2. Diabetes Type 2
  - 3. Gestational Diabetes
  - 4. Graves' Disease- Hyperthyroidism
  - 5. Hypothyroidism
- B. Interrelatedness among foundational concepts
- C. Role of the Professional Nurse
  - 1. Legal & ethical
  - Policies in the practice setting
- D. Evidence-based
  - 1. Clinical reasoning & judgments
  - 2. Outcomes as a basis for decision making
- E. Nursing Care
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## V. Nursing Management of Care: Elimination

- A. Exemplars
  - 1. Diverticulitis
  - 2. Paralytic Ileus Bowel Obstruction
  - 3. Neurogenic Bladder Spastic
- B. Interrelatedness among foundational concepts
- C. Role of the Professional Nurse
  - 1. Legal & ethical
  - 2. Policies in the practice setting

- D. Evidence-based
  - 1. Clinical reasoning & judgments
  - 2. Outcomes as a basis for decision making
- E. Nursing Care
  - 1. Compassionate
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## VI. Nursing Management of Care: Comfort

- A. Exemplars
  - 1. Sickle Cell Anemia (Chronic Pain, Acute Exacerbation)
  - 2. Post-Operative Pain: Abdominal Surgery (Acute Pain)
  - 3. Renal Calculi (Acute Pain)
  - 4. Peripheral Vascular Disease (PCD) (Neuropathic Pain)
- B. Interrelatedness among foundational concepts
- C. Role of the Professional Nurse
  - 1. Legal & ethical
  - Policies in the practice setting
- D. Evidence-based
  - 1. Clinical reasoning & judgments
  - 2. Outcomes as a basis for decision making
- E. Nursing Care
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- 6. Therapeutic communication
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    - b. Disease prevention
    - c. Rehabilitation
    - d. Health maintenance
    - e. Restoration of health.
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  - 3. Delegation tasks
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## VII. Nursing Management of Care: Gas Exchange

- A. Exemplars
  - 1. Asthma
  - 2. Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)\
  - 3. Pneumonia- Aspiration
  - 4. RSV/Bronchiolitis (Pedi)
  - 5. Tracheal Esophageal Fistula (Pedi/Newborn)
- B. Interrelatedness among foundational concepts
- C. Role of the Professional Nurse
  - 1. Legal & ethical
  - 2. Policies in the practice setting
- D. Evidence-based
  - 1. Clinical reasoning & judgments
  - 2. Outcomes as a basis for decision making
- E. Nursing Care
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    - d. Health maintenance
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- 3. Delegation tasks
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## VIII. Nursing Management of Care: Perfusion

- A. Exemplars
  - 1. Basic ECG Rhythms (NSR, ST, SB only)
  - 2. Congestive Heart Failure
  - 3. Hypertension
  - 4. Gestational Hypertension
  - 5. Mitral Valve Prolapse
  - 6. Coronary Artery Disease (CAD)
  - 7. Peripheral Vascular Disease (PVD)
- B. Interrelatedness among foundational concepts
- C. Role of the Professional Nurse
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  - 2. Policies in the practice setting
- D. Evidence-based
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## IX. Nursing Management of Care: Clotting

- A. Exemplars
  - 1. Hemophilia
  - 2. Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT)
- B. Interrelatedness among foundational concepts
- C. Role of the Professional Nurse
  - 1. Legal & ethical
  - Policies in the practice setting
- D. Evidence-based
  - 1. Clinical reasoning & judgments
  - 2. Outcomes as a basis for decision making
- E. Nursing Care
  - 1. Compassionate
  - 2. Theory-based
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- F. Texas Nursing Practice Act and Best Safety Practices to reduce risk
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    - a. Health promotion
    - b. Disease prevention
    - c. Rehabilitation
    - d. Health maintenance
    - e. Restoration of health.
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  - 3. Delegation tasks
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## X. Nursing Management of Care: Coping

- A. Exemplars
  - 1. Anxiety
    - a. Generalized Anxiety Disorder
    - b. Panic Disorder (Attack)
    - c. Obsessive Compulsive Disorder (OCD)
    - d. Eating Disorders
      - Anorexia Nervosa
      - Bulimia

- e. Phobia
- 2. Stress
  - a. Separation Anxiety (Developmental)
  - b. Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder
  - c. Physical Response/Disease
  - d. Lifespan Response
- 3. Substance Abuse/Addictive Behaviors
  - a. Alcoholism
  - b. Opioid Epidemic
  - c. Maternal/Fetal Cocaine Addiction
  - d. Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome (Withdrawal)
- B. Interrelatedness among foundational concepts
- C. Role of the Professional Nurse
  - 1. Legal & ethical
  - Policies in the practice setting
- D. Evidence-based
  - 1. Clinical reasoning & judgments
  - 2. Outcomes as a basis for decision making
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## XI. Nursing Management of Care: Cognition

- A. Exemplars
  - 1. Alzheimer's Disease/Dementia
  - 2. Delirium

- B. Interrelatedness among foundational concepts
- C. Role of the Professional Nurse
  - 1. Legal & ethical
  - 2. Policies in the practice setting
- D. Evidence-based
  - 1. Clinical reasoning & judgments
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## XII. Nursing Management of Care: Nutrition

- A. Exemplars
  - 1. Heart Healthy Diet
  - 2. Diabetic Diet
  - 3. Malnutrition (Introduce Parenteral Nutrition)
  - 4. Peptic Ulcer Disease (PUD)
  - 5. Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease (GERD)
  - 6. Malabsorption Syndromes Infant & Elderly (Gastrostomy and Enteral Feedings)
  - 7. Starvation Failure to Thrive
- B. Interrelatedness among foundational concepts
- C. Role of the Professional Nurse
  - 1. Legal & ethical
  - Policies in the practice setting
- D. Evidence-based

- 1. Clinical reasoning & judgments
- 2. Outcomes as a basis for decision making
- E. Nursing Care
  - 1. Compassionate
  - 2. Theory-based
  - 3. Individualized
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## **COURSE CALENDAR**

COOKSE CALLIVDAK					
DATE	TOPIC	READINGS	ASSIGNMENTS: LAB ACTIVITIES, IN-CLASS ACTIVITIES, CONCEPT MAPPING, CASE STUDIES, ETC.		
Week 1.1	I. Immunity				
		Yoost			
	Exemplars:				
	Vaccines	Chapter 16: Health &			
		Wellness (Review)	Audience Response		
	Otitis Media	Chapter 26: Asepsis and			
		Infection Control (pgs. 480-	Exam I		
	Urinary Tract Infection	493)			
	(Urosepsis only)		Final Exam		
		Harding			
	Cellulitis	Chapter 15: Infection			

Mar. 4.3		Charter 22 A di	
Week 1.2		Chapter 23: Auditory	
	Description	Problems (445-446)	
	Pneumonia	Chapter 50: Renal &	
	A managediaitie	Urological Problems (pgs.	
	Appendicitis	1200-1201)	
	Trauma-Sprain	Harding	
	Osteomyelitis	Chapter 25: Integumentary Problems (pgs. 477-482) Chapter 47: Inflammatory	
		Disorders (1102-1103) Chapter 67:	
		Musculoskeletal Trauma & Orthopedic Surgery (pgs.	
		1639-1640)	
		Chapter 68:	
		Musculoskeletal Problems (pgs. 1674-1677)	
		(pgs. 1074-1077)	
Week 2.1	II. Fluid & Electrolytes		
TOOK 2.1		Yoost	Lilley
	Exemplars:		,
	Hypercalcemia	Chapter 39: Fluid,	Chapter 28: Diuretic
	, ·	Electrolytes, & Acid-Base	Therapy
	Hypokalemia	Balance	Chapter 29: Fluid &
	,.	Chapter 41: Urinary	Electrolytes
	Hyperkalemia- Chronic	Elimination (pgs. 1052-	
	Renal Failure	1057)	Audience Response
	Hyponatremia-Syndrome of Inappropriate	Harding	Exam I
	Antidiuretic Hormone	Chapter 17: Fluid,	Final Exam
	(SIADH)	Electrolyte, & Acid-Base	
Week 2.2		Imbalances (pgs. 311-327)	
	Hypernatremia- Diabetes Insipidus (DI)		
	Hypophosphatemia		
	Hyperphosphatemia		
	Hypomagnesemia		

	Hypermagnesemia		
Week 3.1	Exemplars: Diabetic Ketoacidosis (DKA)  Hyperventilation (Birthing Mother, Panic Attack)  Gastrointestinal Losses (pediatric)  Drug Overdose with Hyperventilation	Yoost  Chapter 39: Fluid, Electrolytes, & Acid-Base Balance Chapter 32: Stress & Coping (Review)  Harding  Chapter 53: Diabetes (1308-1310) Chapter 32: Acute Respiratory Failure & Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome	Audience Response  Exam I  Final Exam
Week 3.2	III. Metabolism  Exemplars:  Diabetes Type 1  Diabetes Type 2  Gestational Diabetes  Graves' Disease- Hyperthyroidism  Hypothyroidism	Yoost  Chapter 34: Diagnostic Testing  Harding  Chapter 53: Diabetes Chapter 54: Endocrine Problems (pgs. 1330-1338)  Lilley  Chapter 32: Antidiabetic Therapy Chapter 31: Thyroid & Parathyroid Drug Therapy	ATI Pharm: Endocrine System (diabetes, thyroid disorders)  Lilley  Chapter 32: Diabetes Drugs PowerPoint Case Study In-Class audience response questions  Audience Response  Exam I  Final Exam
Week 4.1	IV. Elimination  Exemplars:  Diverticulitis	Yoost  Chapter 40: Bowel Elimination (Review)	ATI Pharm: Gastrointestinal System (constipation)

	Paralytic Ileus – Bowel Obstruction Neurogenic Bladder – Spastic	Chapter 41: Urinary Elimination (Review)  Harding  Chapter 47: Lower Gastrointestinal Problems (pgs. 1123-1125)	Chapter 38 & 39: Antibacterial Therapy Chapter 20: Cholinergic Therapy (pgs. 316-318)
			Audience Response  Exam I  Final Exam
Week 4.2	IV. Comfort  Exemplars:  Sickle Cell Anemia (Chronic Pain, Acute Exacerbation)  Post-Operative Pain: Abdominal Surgery (Acute Pain)  Renal Calculi (Acute Pain)  Peripheral Vascular Disease (PCD) (Neuropathic Pain)	Yoost  Chapter 36: Pain Management (Review)  Harding  Chapter 9: Pain (pgs. 123-140) Chapter 20: Postoperative Care (pg. 375) Chapter 41: Vascular Disorders (Review)  Lilley  Chapter 10: Analgesic Drugs (pgs. 140-160)	ATI Pharm: Pain and Inflammation  Lilley  Adaptive Quizzing for Chapter 10  Audience Response  Exam I  Final Exam
Week 5.1	Exam 1		
Week 5.2	V. Gas Exchange  Exemplars:  Asthma  Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)	Yoost Chapter 38: Oxygenation & Tissue Perfusion Harding	ATI Pharm: Respiratory System (non-infectious lower respiratory airflow disorders, upper respiratory disorders)  Lilley

	Pneumonia- Aspiration  RSV/Bronchiolitis (Pedi)  Tracheal Esophageal Fistula (Pedi/Newborn)	Chapter 27: Assessment: Respiratory System (Review) Chapter 28: Supporting Ventilation (pgs. 532-552) Chapter 30: Lower Respiratory Problems (pgs. 596-603) Chapter 31: Obstructive Pulmonary Diseases (pgs. 638-671)	Chapter 38 & 39: Antibacterial Therapy Chapter 44: Corticosteroid Therapy  Audience Response  Exam II  Final Exam
		Chapter 37: Drugs Used in the Management of Asthma and COPD	
Week 6.1	VI. Perfusion	Yoost	ATI Pharm: Cardiovascular
	Exemplars:		System (CHF)
	Basic ECG Rhythms (NSR, ST, SB only)	Chapter 39: Oxygenation & Tissue Perfusion	Lilley
	Congestive Heart Failure	Harding	Chapter 24: Drugs Impacting the RAAS
	Hypertension	Chapter 35: Assessment: Cardiovascular System	Beta Blocker Therapy (pgs. 370-374)
	Gestational Hypertension	(Review) Chapter 36: Hypertension (pgs. 800-814) Chapter 38: Heart Failure	Cardiac Glycoside (Digoxin) Therapy (pgs. 375-379) Calcium Channel Blocker Therapy
	Mitral Valve Prolapse	(pgs. 859-877) Chapter 37: Coronary	Centrally-Acting Alpha <sub>2</sub> Adrenergic Agonist
	Coronary Artery Disease (CAD)	Artery Disease (pgs. 819-829)	Therapy
	Peripheral Vascular Disease (PVD)	Chapter 40: Inflammatory & Structural Heart Disorders (pgs. 919-921) Chapter 41: Vascular Disorders (pgs. 932-938, 946-954, 956-957)	Chapter 27: Statin Therapy Bile-Acid Sequestrant and Fibrate Therapy Nicotinic Acid Drugs, Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitor Therapy, and PCSK9 Inhibitors

			Audience Response
			Exam II
			Final Exam
Week 6.2	VI. Clotting  Exemplars:  Hemophilia  Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT)	Harding  Chapter 33: Assessment: Hematologic System (Review) Chapter 34: Hematologic Problems  Lilley	Lilley  Chapter 26: Parenteral Anticoagulant Oral Anticoagulant Therapy Antiplatelet Therapy Thrombolytic Therapy
		Chapter 8: Gene Therapy & Phamacogenomics (pgs. 96-102)	Audience Response  Exam II  Final Exam
Week 7.1	VII. Coping: Disorders  Exemplars:  Anxiety - Generalized Anxiety Disorder  - Panic Disorder (Attack)  - Obsessive Compulsive Disorder (OCD)  - Eating Disorders	Yoost  Chapter 32: Stress & Coping Chapter 30: Nutrition (pgs. 669-670)  Harding  Chapter 7: Stress Management Chapter 44: Nutrition Problems (pgs. 1025-1028)	ATI Pharm: Neurological System P2 (anxiety disorders)  Lilley  Chapter 16: Antidepressant & Mood Stabilizer Drug Therapy Antipsychotic Drug Therapy Antianxiety Drug Therapy Audience Response  Exam II  Final Exam

Week 7.2	VII. Cognition  Exemplars:  Alzheimer's Disease/Dementia  Delirium  Reminiscence	Yoost  Chapter 18: Human Development (pgs. 270- 272) Chapter 31: Cognitive & Sensory Alterations (pgs. 700-701, 704-710)  Harding  Chapter 64: Dementia & Delirium	ATI Pharm: Neurological System P1 (Alzheimer's)  Lilley Chapter 20: Cholinergic Therapy  Audience Response  Exam II
			Final Exam
Week 8.1	VIII. Coping  Exemplars:  Stress - Separation Anxiety (Developmental) - Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder - Physical Response/Disease - Lifespan Response Substance Abuse/Addictive Behaviors - Alcoholism - Opioid Epidemic - Maternal/Fetal Cocaine Addiction	Yoost  Chapter 18: Human Development  Harding  Chapter 11: Substance Use Disorders in Acute Care (pgs. 165-174)	Lilley Chapter 17: Drugs used in the Management of Substance Use Disorder Audience Response Exam II Final Exam

	-Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome (Withdrawal)		
	, , ,		
Week 8.2	VIII. Nutrition		
		Yoost	ATI Pharm:
	Exemplars:		Gastrointestinal System
		Chapter 30: Nutrition	(peptic ulcer disease)
	Heart Healthy Diet		
		Harding	Lilley
	Diabetic Diet		
		Chapter 43: Assessment:	Chapter 50: Histamine <sub>2</sub>
	Malnutrition (Introduce	Gastrointestinal System	Blocker Therapy
	Parenteral Nutrition)	(Review)	Proton Pump Inhibitor
		Chapter 46: Upper	Therapy
	Peptic Ulcer Disease	Gastrointestinal Problems	Antacid Therapy
	(PUD)	(pgs. 1057-1061, 1067-	Chapter 53: Vitamin &
	Gastroesophageal Reflux	1074) Chapter 44: Nutrition	Mineral Therapy
			Audience Response
	Disease (GERD)	Problems (pgs. 1011-1025)	Audience Response
	Malabsorption		Exam II
	Syndromes Infant &		
	Elderly (Gastrostomy and		Final Exam
	Enteral Feedings)		
	Starvation – Failure to		
	Thrive		
	IIIIIVE		
Week 9.1	Exam 2		
Week 9.2	REVIEW		
Week 10	Comprehensive Final		

#### **COURSE EVALUATION**

Final grades will be calculated according to the following criteria:

	<b>Evaluation Method</b>	Course Grade %
1.	Group Application Exercises: Concept Mapping, Clinical	5%
	Judgment, Nursing Process	
2.	Audience Response/Post Class Quiz	5%
3.	ATI Pharmacology Modules	15%
4.	*Exam I	15%
5.	*Exam II	20%
6.	*Final Exam	25%
7.	Pharmacology Standardized Exam & Remediation	7.5%
8.	Medical-Surgical Standardized Exam & Remediation	7.5%
TOTAL		100%

**Note:** \* To successfully pass this course, students must achieve a minimum average of 75% across all exams. Students who do not meet this benchmark will not pass the course, regardless of their assignment performance. (Standardized Exams are not included in the 75% exam rule calculation).

#### **GRADE SCALE**

90-100	Α	
80-89	В	
75-79	С	*75% is required to successfully complete
60-74	D	
0-59	F	

#### **TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS**

The latest technical requirements, including hardware, compatible browsers, operating systems, etc. can be online at <a href="https://lit.edu/online-learning/online-learning-minimum-computer-requirements">https://lit.edu/online-learning/online-learning-minimum-computer-requirements</a>. A functional broadband internet connection, such as DSL, cable, or WiFi is necessary to maximize the use of online technology and resources.

#### **DISABILITIES STATEMENT**

The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 are federal anti-discrimination statutes that provide comprehensive civil rights for persons with disabilities. LIT provides reasonable accommodations as defined in the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 504 and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, to students with a diagnosed disability. The Special Populations Office is located in the Eagles' Nest Room 129 and helps foster a supportive and inclusive educational environment by maintaining partnerships with faculty and staff, as well as promoting awareness among all members of the Lamar Institute of Technology community. If you believe you have a disability requiring an accommodation, please

contact the Special Populations Coordinator at (409)-951-5708 or email <a href="mailto:specialpopulations@lit.edu">specialpopulations@lit.edu</a>. You may also visit the online resource at <a href="mailto:Special Populations">Special Populations</a> - Lamar Institute of Technology (lit.edu).

#### STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT STATEMENT

It is the responsibility of all registered Lamar Institute of Technology students to access, read, understand and abide by all published policies, regulations, and procedures listed in the *LIT Catalog and Student Handbook*. The *LIT Catalog and Student Handbook* may be accessed at <a href="https://www.lit.edu">www.lit.edu</a>. Please note that the online version of the *LIT Catalog and Student Handbook* supersedes all other versions of the same document.

#### **ACADEMIC DISHONESTY**

Students enrolled in the nursing program at LIT must maintain academic and behavioral expectations consistent with the profession of nursing and in accordance with the nursing program Student Handbook. Standards of nursing practice include (but are not limited to) behaviors indicating honesty, accountability, trustworthiness, reliability, and integrity. The inability of a student to consistently conform his/her/their conduct to requirements of the Nursing Practice Act and BON rules and regulations through a single incident or pattern of personal, academic, or other unacceptable behaviors will result in the disciplinary process. The disciplinary process may include verbal counseling, written counseling, and or dismissal from the nursing program.

#### **AI STATEMENT**

Lamar Institute of Technology (LIT) recognizes the recent advances in Artificial Intelligence (AI), such as ChatGPT, have changed the landscape of many career disciplines and will impact many students in and out of the classroom. To prepare students for their selected careers, LIT desires to guide students in the ethical use of these technologies and incorporate AI into classroom instruction and assignments appropriately. Appropriate use of these technologies is at the discretion of the instructor. Students are reminded that all submitted work must be their own original work unless otherwise specified. Students should contact their instructor with any questions as to the acceptable use of AI / ChatGPT in their courses.

#### **AI IN NURSING COURSES**

Students are expected to follow course assignment instructions and grading rubrics. Unless otherwise indicated in the assignment instructions, information obtained through AI resources should not be submitted as a student's original work. Unless specifically granted by individual faculty members, **students do not have permission to upload faculty intellectual property** (PowerPoint Presentations, lecture notes, assignments, course materials, voice or lecture recordings) to any AI platform. Students demonstrating these behaviors or other inappropriate use of AI may be subject to disciplinary process.

#### **STARFISH**

LIT utilizes an early alert system called Starfish. Throughout the semester, you may receive emails from Starfish regarding your course grades, attendance, or academic performance. Faculty members record student attendance, raise flags and kudos to express concern or give praise, and you can make an appointment with faculty and staff all through the Starfish home page. You can also login to Blackboard or MyLIT and click on the Starfish link to view academic alerts and detailed information. It is the responsibility of the student to pay attention to these emails and information in Starfish and consider taking the recommended actions. Starfish is used to help you be a successful student at LIT.

# ADDITIONAL COURSE POLICIES/INFORMATION COURSE GRADING AND ASSIGNMENTS

Class attendance and satisfactory completion of all assignments is essential in order to be successful in the course.

#### SHERPATH LESSONS

Sherpath lessons accompany the textbook and are accessed through the Evolve website using the student login and are linked to the Blackboard® course. Sherpath lessons are assigned in order to reinforce student learning and facilitate review of content.

## **AUDIENCE RESPONSE QUESTIONS/In Class Quizzes**

Faculty will utilize an audience response system or in class quizzing. This strategy is utilized to assess class understanding of the content and to promote critical thinking. It is essential for students to come to class prepared and actively engage in the discussion in order to earn a grade for Audience Response Questions. Grades on Audience Response Questions will be calculated into the course average after a 75% average on all exams is achieved.

# CONCEPT MAPPING, CLINICAL JUDGMENT, AND NURSING PROCESS GROUP APPLICATION EXERCISE

Group Application Exercises (Concept Mapping, Clinical Judgment, Nursing Process) of nursing management for one concept will be assigned to groups of students in class. Students are required to actively engage and participate in completing the exercise. The exercise must be submitted by a group representative in Blackboard® by the due date. Peer evaluation of each group member's participation will contribute to each student's grade on the assignment.

#### **COURSE EXAMS**

Two unit exams and a comprehensive final exam will be administered during this course. Exams will be taken in person and during class time. Upon entry to the testing room, students must show the official LIT Student ID. The ID must remain visible on the student's desk at all times during exam administration. The following items are not allowed in the testing room:

- Hats, caps, scarfs, hooded shirts (unless religious covering)
- Food, candy, drinks

• Cell phone, electronic devices, smart watches, smart glasses, recording devices

#### **LATE ASSIGNMENTS**

Late assignments are generally not accepted in this course. Group NP and CJ application exercises are due at the end of the class period unless specified otherwise. Students who are absent and document excused extenuating circumstances (I.e. severe illness or natural disaster) must notify the faculty member of the circumstance prior to class and work collaboratively with faculty prior to the due date on the assignment to develop a plan for submitting the assignment. This collaboration should occur prior to the weekend or school holiday. Assignments will not be accepted late without prior arrangements. Students must be present to earn Audience Response/In Class Quiz grades, and all exams are taken in person. Students who are sick on exam day must notify faculty by email prior to the exam start time. Valid documentation must be provided to the faculty member in order for arrangements to be made for retaking the exam or an alternate solution as determined by course faculty and the Nursing Program Director.

#### PERMISSION TO RECORD LECTURES

Students are not allowed to record (audio or video) lectures or class discussions without the expressed permission of the faculty member. This includes pictures of presentations.

#### **CIVILITY**

Learning can be an intimidating experience for some students. It is imperative that students in the AASN program are respectful and civil to student colleagues as well as faculty in order to facilitate a safe and effective learning environment. It is imperative for students to realize that all students do not process information in the same manner or learn information in the same way. The AASN program faculty respect the diversity of our students which includes diversity of learning styles. Civility is maintained when there is order, respect for the teaching and learning process, empathy, and consideration for others. Students are expected to demonstrate civility in the classroom, online environment, and in all face-to-face as well as electronic communications. Demonstrations of uncivil behavior are unacceptable, do not demonstrate attributes of a professional nurse, and may result in initiation of the disciplinary process including but not limited to the student being excused from the experience, course, and potentially the nursing program.

## **CALCULATE YOUR GRADE**

GRADE	Х	PERCENT	=	GRADE POINTS
			=	
Exam 1	Х	0.15 (15%)	_	
	.,	0.00 (0.00()	=	
Exam 2	Х	0.20 (20%)	=	
Final	Χ	0.25 (25%)	_	
			TOTAL	
			101112	DIVIDE BY 0.60 (60%)
			FINAL	
			WEIGHTED EXAM	
			GRADE	